## State Laws Impacting Drug-Free Workplace and Drug-Testing Issues Kentucky, Virginia and West Virginia

| State | Unemployment<br>Compensation (UC)   | Workers' Compensation (WC)   | WC Discounts  | Drug-Free Workplace Act   | Mine-related   | Medical<br>Examinations   |
|-------|---|--|---|---|--|---|
| КУ    | Disqualification for misconduct, including reporting to work "under the influence" or consuming alcohol or drugs at work.  Note: How determined is not specified; drug testing not mentioned. *   | Denied if "intoxication" is the "proximate cause" of injury, death or disease.  Note: Doesn't specify whether intoxication can be from either illicit drugs or alcohol. How "causation" is determined is not specified; drug testing not mentioned.*                         | None available  | None  | Entering a mine property "under the influence" or intoxicated by alcohol or drugs is prohibited.* Alcohol and drugs prohibited in/about mines – private vehicles exempted. | N/A   |
| VA    | Disqualification if discharged for confirmed positive drug test; performed according to employer policy and using certified lab.**  Disqualification during any week of a positive pre-employment drug test.  Note: Not tied to "misconduct" or intoxication.   | Denied if injury caused by "intoxication" or use of illicit drugs. Positive drug test or .08 BAC creates a rebuttable presumption of intoxication.  Note: Positive drug test doesn't necessarily indicate causation and "rebuttable presumption" doesn't apply to causation. | 5% discount for drug-free workplace programs (DFWP).  Note: What constitutes a DFWP is not defined but rather left to WC insurance carrier (so can vary). | Those with State contracts over \$10,000 must have a DFWP and include such provisions in subcontracts.  Note: Does not specify requirements for DFWP other than simple "prohibition" against "unlawful manufacture, sale, distribution, dispensation, possession or use." Drug testing not mentioned. | No specific mining-<br>related drug laws<br>identified.  | Employers cannot require employees to pay for required medical exams.  Note: Doesn't specify whether drug tests are considered a medical exam.*** |
| wv    | Disqualified if discharged for misconduct related to being "under the influence" or "intoxicated" at work.  Note: Implies but doesn't specify that intoxication could be due to either alcohol or drugs (controlled substance); How intoxication is determined is not specified; drug tests not mentioned.* | Denied if "intoxication" is cause of death/injury. Employer authorized to do blood tests if reasonable suspicion exists.  Note: Doesn't specify whether intoxication can be from either illicit drugs or alcohol. Blood test doesn't measure intoxication level.             | None available  | None  | Surface mine inspectors can be removed from office for drunkenness.  Note: Doesn't specify how that is determined; doesn't apply to illicit use of drugs.                  | Employers can't require employees to pay for required medical exams.  Note: Doesn't specify whether drug tests are considered a medical exam.***  |

<sup>\*</sup>Drug tests show recent use; they do not show whether someone is currently "intoxicated" or "under the influence."

<sup>\*\*</sup> Multiple acceptable certifying bodies (including, but not limited to HHS/SAMHSA, College of American Pathology, or American Association for Clinical Chemistry)

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>The Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) does not consider drug tests to be a medical exam, though other laws (e.g., HIPAA) do.